

H1 2025 results overview





Operating environment

- Volatile, uncertain & difficult SA Q1 2025 GDP growth of only 0.1% qoq.
- Banking environment modest SA credit extension & transactional activity as corporates & consumers remain cautious, although some green shoots are evident. More adverse impact on Nedbank, given our relatively high SA exposure.
- Financial markets indicators still reflect cautious optimism.



Strategic update

- **Strategic reorganisation** completed in line with target. New PPB & BCB structures & leadership in place, effective 1 July 2025.
- Strategic review of ETI financial investment after strategic review, Nedbank's ETI investment is now classified as a non-current asset held for sale.



Financial performance

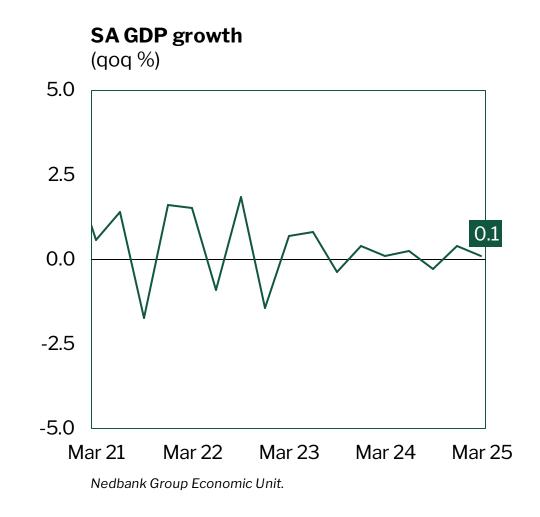
- **Financial performance** HE +6% & DHEPS +7%, slightly ahead of H1 2025 guidance, with ROE improving slightly to 15.2%. Results driven by NIR & associate income growth & lower impairments, partially offset by muted NII growth. Total comprehensive income +26%, reflecting stronger capital generation than earnings growth.
- Very strong balance sheet enabling an interim DPS of 1 028 cents per share, up by 6%

Operating environment – H1 2025 was another volatile & uncertain period, evident in weak SA economic growth



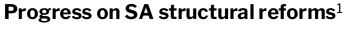
Key factors impacting SA GDP growth

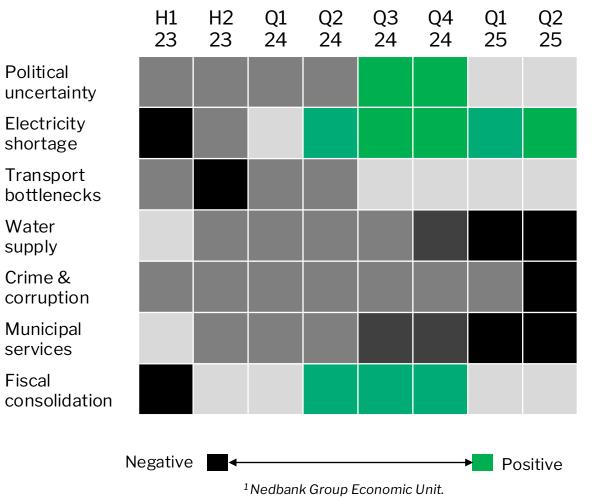
- Slowing global growth
- US economic policy & tariff uncertainty
- Middle-East & Russia-Ukraine conflicts
- Multiple SA budget delays
- Concerns around GNU execution ability
- SA structural inefficiencies



Operating environment – progress on SA structural reforms remain slow & corporates cautious. Green shoots evident in Q2 credit extension

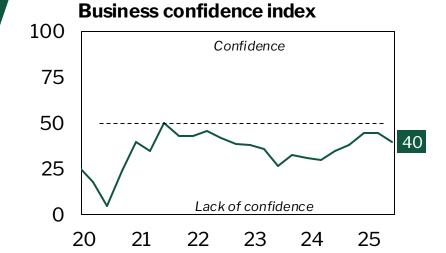






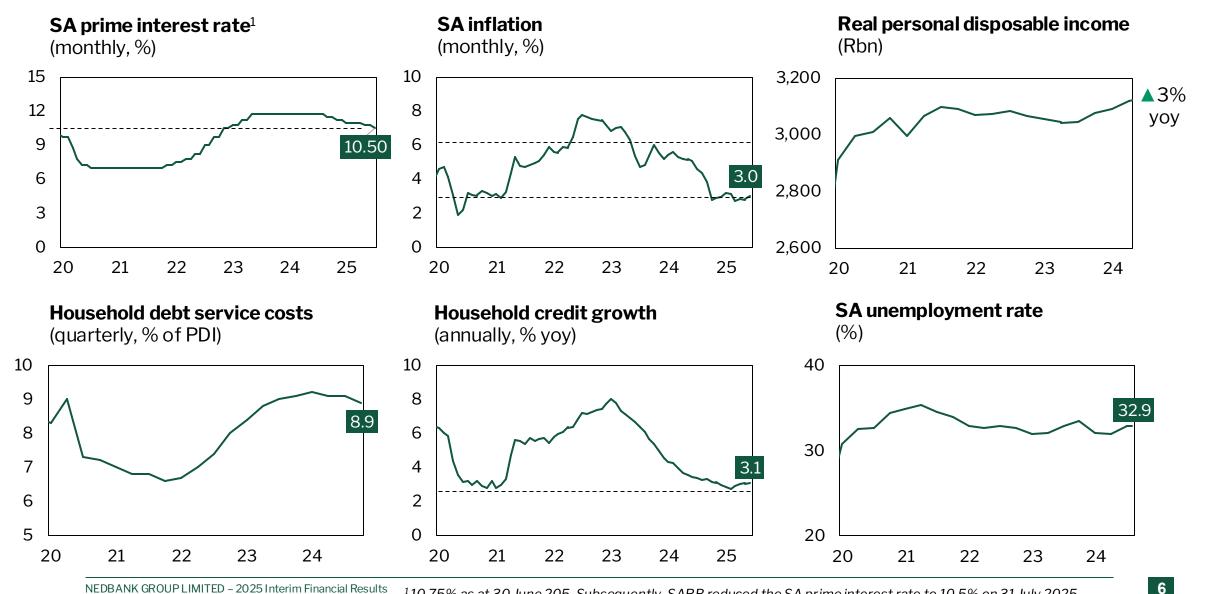
Corporate loans & advances growth (%)

15
10
5
0
-5
-10
20 21 22 23 24 25



Operating environment – consumer finances are steadily improving given lower interest rates & inflation, but household credit growth is lagging





Strategic value drivers – our H1 2025 results were impacted by various positive & negative drivers





Growth

- ★ Modest banking advances growth – deal closures slower than expected, while pipelines remain robust
- **X** Margin pressure
- ★ Market share declines in unsecured lending
- Market share gains in retail & commercial deposits, HL & VAF
- Reasonable client growth
- Digital, VAS & payments growing strongly, while ATM cash withdrawals are slowing
- Leveraging the Eqstra acquisition



Productivity

- ★ Investment in retaining quality skills
- ★ Cost-to-income ratio under pressure, mostly on the revenue line
- Ongoing good risk management outcomes
- **✓ Branch sales up** by 11% & **digital transaction values up** by 16% yoy
- ✓ **IT amortisation charge** lower than the prior year after ME completion
- ✓ Number of **employees down** by 1%
- ✓ Office & branch floor space reductions



Risk & Capital Management

Very strong balance sheet

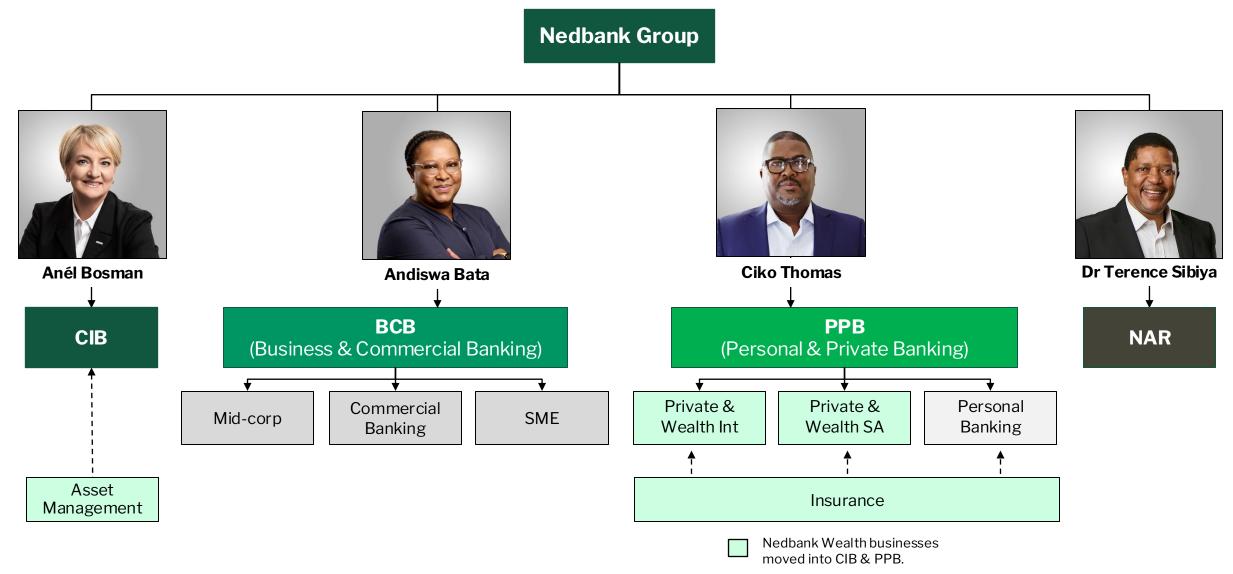
- CET1 ratio: **13.1%** (11% to 12% target range)
- ✓ LCR: **127%** (100% reg min)
- ✓ NSFR: 118% (100% reg min)
- **R0.5bn** (~2 million) shares repurchased at an average of ~R246/share

Credit

CLR down to **81 bps**, within TTC target range (60 to 100 bps)

Strategic reorganisation – new structures & leadership in place, effective 1 July 2025





Strategic reorganisation – organisational design more focused on client centricity, driving enhanced execution & unlocking transformational growth opportunities



		\mathbf{ROE}^1	HE^1	Employees ¹
Corporate & Investment Banking Corporates, financial institutions, governments & parastatals (> 600 clients)	 Accelerate growth by leveraging our sector-led expertise to unlock cross-sell opportunities & enhance returns Integrate the Asset Management business 	21 %	R7.8bn	~2 400
Business & Commercial Banking Mid-corp, commercial & SME clients (>12.4k CB client groups)	 Focus on juristic clients below corporates Accelerate growth through new compelling CVPs & sector-focused solutions Elevate its importance at a Group Exco level 	27%	R2.7bn	~2 000
Personal & Private Banking Youth, entry-level, middle, affluent & high- net-worth segments (> 7.5 million clients)	 Focus on individual clients Grow & enhance insurance up- & cross-sell Scale our personal banking business Unlock further efficiencies & productivity gains 	14%	R4.6bn	~14 500
Nedbank Africa Regions Corporates, businesses & individuals (>400k clients)	 Focus on all client segments across the SADC countries where we operate Scale existing businesses & seek complementary M&A acquisitions 	8%	R0.6bn	~2 200

Strategic review of our ETI financial investment – at 30 June 2025 classified as a non-current asset held for sale



Nedbank board & management review

- Investment case did not materialise as expected
 - Nigerian economy not as attractive as originally expected
 - Resulted in various SA clients exiting their Nigerian operations (limiting cross-sell)
 - Synergies have not been forthcoming
- Disappointing value realisation (accounting vs cash flow) R6.8bn in associate income (to date), but only R0.4bn dividends received. Unrealised FCTR & OCI losses of R6.9bn reduced reserves & NAV over time
- Regulatory uncertainty ongoing regulatory recapitalisation requirements & a realistic scenario in which Nedbank may be required to inject capital to prevent shareholding dilution. Focus now on Nedbank preserving its residual value in ETI
- Nedbank's strategy outside SA reset, with a clear focus on SADC & East Africa



ETI investment classified as a non-current asset held for sale

Next steps

- Engagement with interested parties
- If a sale is concluded, it will be a clean sale subject to regulatory approvals only
- Proceeds will be invested in various growth opportunities



Our strategy – leveraging our strong foundations to grow & enhance productivity



Our purpose

To use our financial expertise to do good for individuals, families, businesses & society

Strategic value drivers



Growth



Productivity



Risk & Capital Management

Strategic value unlocks











Digital leadership (DX) Market-leading client experiences (CX)

Focusing on areas that create value (SPT)

Growth vectors (transform)

Creating positive impacts (purpose delivery)



Our employees & differentiated corporate culture (EX)



Modern technology platform

Digital leadership (DX) – our investments in technology continue to drive digital activity, usage & sales

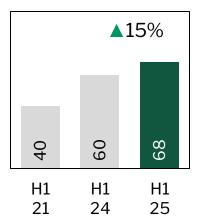


Digital services

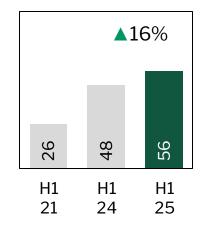
> 200 Individual services on Eclipse & Money app

> 400 Juristic services on Nedbank Business Hub

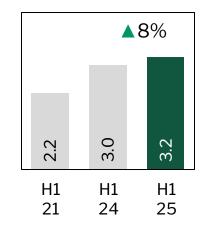
Digital transaction volumes (# m)



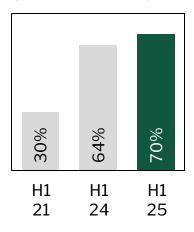
App transaction volumes (# m)



Retail digitally active clients (# m)



Digital product sales (% of new sales)

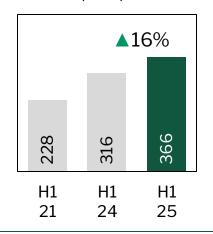


Client onboarding

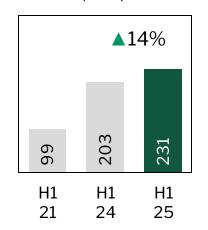
Fully digital

Seamless FICAcompliant onboarding of individual & juristic clients

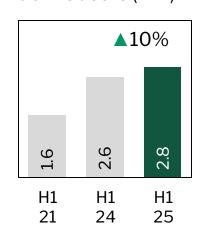
Digital transaction values (Rbn)



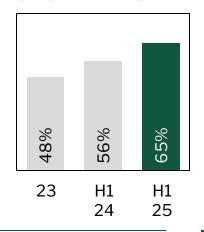
App transaction values (Rbn)



Retail Money app active users (# m)



NBH adoption rate (%, period end)



Market-leading client experiences (CX) – good outcomes across client metrics & significant improvement in brand value



Retail consumer¹

NPS

among all clients of large SA banks¹

SME

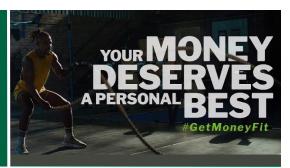
NPS

2nd highest level in 9 years

▲24% R20bn

Brand value²

Ranked #8 among all SA companies



A To drive the you green energy



Mid-corp³

NPS

Highest score in peer group



Social media sentiment⁴

#2

rank among all SA banks

CIB client satisfaction score 80% in line with the global benchmark of 80%



NAR Net brand sentiment

#1 in 4 countries & #2 in Namibia





Avo Device Trade-in Save up to 20% with Greenbacks





≰iPhone 16 Built for Apple Intelligence.



Strategic portfolio tilt – focusing on areas that create value



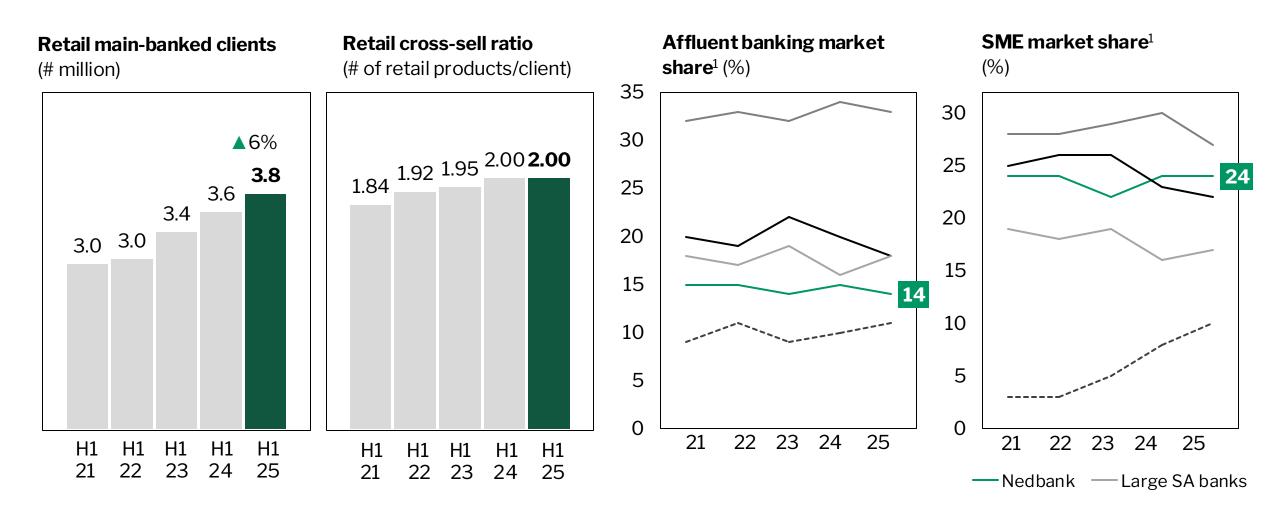
BA900 market share (%)	Dec 24	May 25	Ytd change
Total core loans	19.2	18.7	▼
Wholesale term loans	16.2	15.8	▼
Commercial mortgages	35.9	35.6	▼
Home loans	14.7	14.8	A
Retail vehicle finance	35.9	36.2	A
Retail overdrafts	14.4	14.4	
Personal loans	10.1	10.0	▼
Credit card	9.2	9.0	▼
Retail deposits	16.8	17.0	<u> </u>
Commercial deposits	15.4	15.5	

- Leveraging our strengths in CIB energy, infrastructure, mining & resources & commercial mortgages. Significant competition for good quality assets
- Good performance in retail secured lending gains in home loans & vehicle finance
- Prudent credit granting personal loans & card market share losses have slowed & we expect to grow share in the next 12 months
- Deposit market share gains gains in retail & commercial deposits, with significant management focus on transactional deposits

Total core loans include retail & corporate loans, excluding foreign currency loans, resale agreements, interbank & preference s hares. | Retail deposits, a common lens used in the industry, is the sum of BA900 lines 26, 27, 28 & 35.

Strategic portfolio tilt – continue to build strong franchises & grow main-banked clients





¹Tracking Study by KPI research

Growth vectors – unlock transformational growth through initiatives that support us in achieving a higher ROE



Unlock value from our **technology investments**

Scale our PPB business

Portfolio diversification

Leverage our sector skills & expertise in CIB

A more deliberate expansion into key African countries

Leverage artificial intelligence

Grow & enhance insurance cross-sell

Build out our new **Mid-corp offering**

Commercialise data

Gain market share(in key lending & deposit-taking categories)

Grow our presence in SADC & East Africa

Harmonise IT systems in NAR

Modernise payments

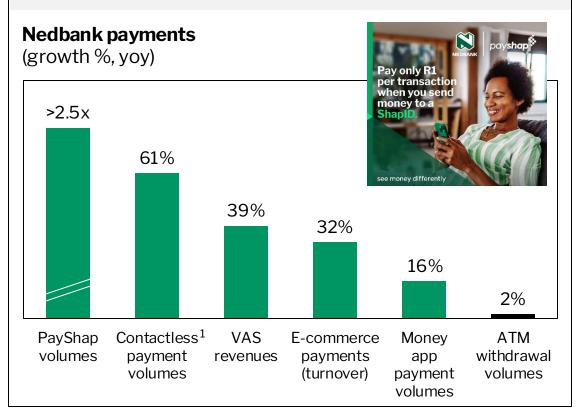
Strengthen our **transactional banking franchises**

Growth vectors – strong growth across payment categories & MyCover insurance products



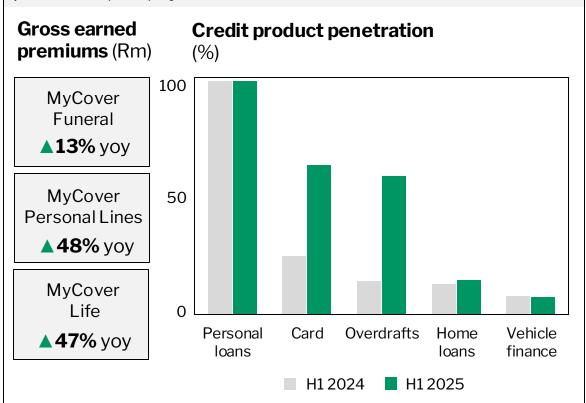
Modernise payments

Advancing digital payments growth through our fully interoperable enterprise payment service hub, in line with rising digitisation trends & post-Covid cash usage plateau



Grow & enhance insurance cross-sell

Drive sales of traditional bancassurance & new solutions (including the MyCover suite) to Nedbank clients, improving client penetration from ~19% to >30% & growing gross earned premiums (GEP) by more than 50% in the medium term.



¹ Includes Apple Pay, Samsung Pay etc. (excl contactless physical cards).

Growth vectors – unlocking value from our technology investments & portfolio diversification



Value from our technology investments

Leverage artificial intelligence

- Intelligent Hyper automation (NIHA) harnessing the power of AI, GenAI, machine learning & robotics to drive innovation & sustainable value creation
- Digi 2.0 app redesign with next gen hyper personalised contextual experiences
- Benefits improve CX, increase revenues, streamline work processes & optimise costs

Data commercialisation

- Dedicated data & analytics team
- **Initiatives** across credit scoring, cross- & up-sell, fraud analytics, digital marketing, etc.
- Benefits such as increased revenue & lower costs & impairments

Harmonisation

NAR system convergence

Portfolio diversification

Mid-corp

Dedicated new offering to transform how mid-sized corporates access financial solutions with financial advisory & sectorspecific expertise

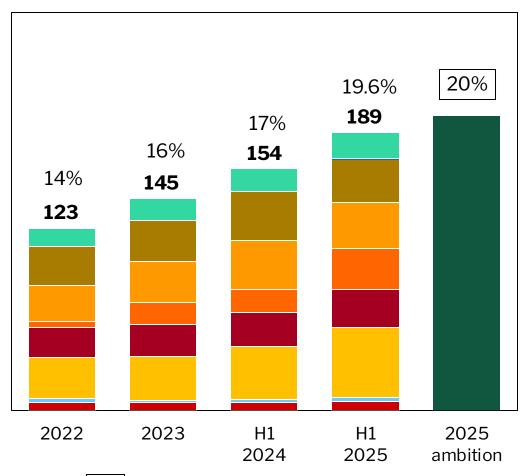
CIB-led East Africa expansion

Strategic initiatives focused on geographic diversification are progressing. Over the longer term, strategic expansion into East Africa aligns with the group's long-term revenue diversification goals & work is underway to determine the optimal model for growing our presence in the region

Creating positive impacts – R189bn sustainable development finance (SDF). At 19.6% of GLAA, on track to meet our 2025 ambition of 20%



Sustainable development finance exposures¹ (Rbn)



xx% % of gross loans & advances

Colour of the bars reflect the various UN SDG categories.

Key highlights



R29bn support for farmers & the agriculture sector



R31bn for green certified buildings & affordable home loans



R26bn lending exposure to small businesses & their owners



R47bn total renewable energy exposures



R3bn financing for clean water & sanitation

- Concluded a US\$200m IFC facility to further scale green buildings
- Launched the SA REIT²
 Sustainability Disclosure
 Guide
- Developed BES³ to assist clients score their buildings wrt sustainability measures
- Developed a Climate Risk Tool to score properties wrt climate risk
- >R30bn pipeline
- Supported > 4.9 GW renewable projects to date

¹ By the end of 2025, it is our ambition to have increased our SDF exposures to around 20% of the gross loans & advances. SDF in H1 2025 includes R9bn of infrastructure finance (SDG group's total 9) that meets the SDG criteria & was not included in prior years. ² REIT = Real Estate Investment Trusts. ³ BES= Building Efficiency Scale.

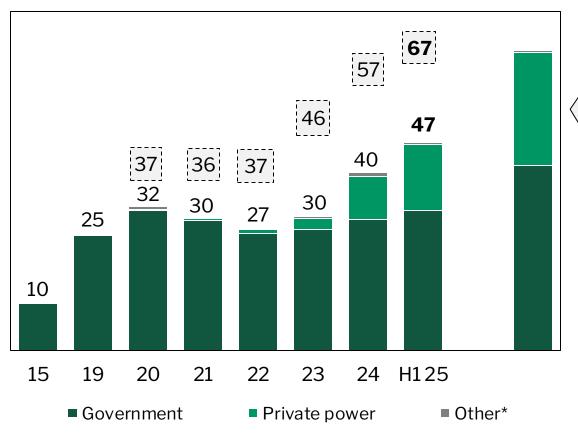
Creating positive impacts – building on our leadership in renewable energy. Exposures increased to R47bn with strong pipelines in place



Additional info

Renewable energy financing

(■ drawn exposures, limits, Rbn)



Nedbank has supported **4.9 GW** of REIPPPP & private power projects to date

> R70bn in awarded facilities1

Closed 3 private power generation deals in H1 2025

Good pipeline will support book growth over the medium term

Working on several aggregator offtake projects with target financial close over the next 12 months

Uncertainty exists around the project pipeline closing in 2025 due to final grid commitment timelines

Request for proposals (RFP) projected in H2 2025:

- Transmission grid expansion RFP expected in Nov 2025
- 2 GW Gas-to-Power IPPPP Bid Window 1, issued in Dec 2023, is due for submission by 30 Sep 2025

Project pipeline	Mandated	Est close	Nedbank debt
REIPPPP R7	8 (1.7 GW)	H2 2025-H1 2026	R19.6bn
REIPPPP R7 (VFM)	7 (1,6 GW)	H1 2026	R30.5bn
BESS R2	7 (0,5 GW)	H2 2025-H1 2026	R6.1bn
BESS R3	4 (0,5 GW)	H1 2026	R4.5bn
Private generation	10 (1 GW)	H2 2025-H1 2026	R11.1bn

^{*} Includes rooftop solar, which may be understated given use of access bonds.

^{. &}lt;sup>1</sup>Some renewable energy financing could be distributed.

Creating positive impacts – other ESG highlights & ratings



2030 finance emission targets set (thermal coal ▼47%, oil & gas ▼26% & power generation cap of 165gCO₂ e/kWh)

Disclosed financed emissions for home loans, vehicle finance, commercial property & mining



Nature Position Statement published (1st SA bank)

84% ACI representation (78% in 2019 & 83% in 2024)

African senior & middle management representation

▲3%

(vs H1 2024)

Included in CDP
Supplier
Engagement
Assessment
A-list





> 3800 unemployed youth (YES) intake planned for 2025 (total: > 17 000 since 2019)

Maintained
level 1 BBBEE
status for the
7th year in a row

cash taxation payments¹ of **R8.4bn** in H1 2025

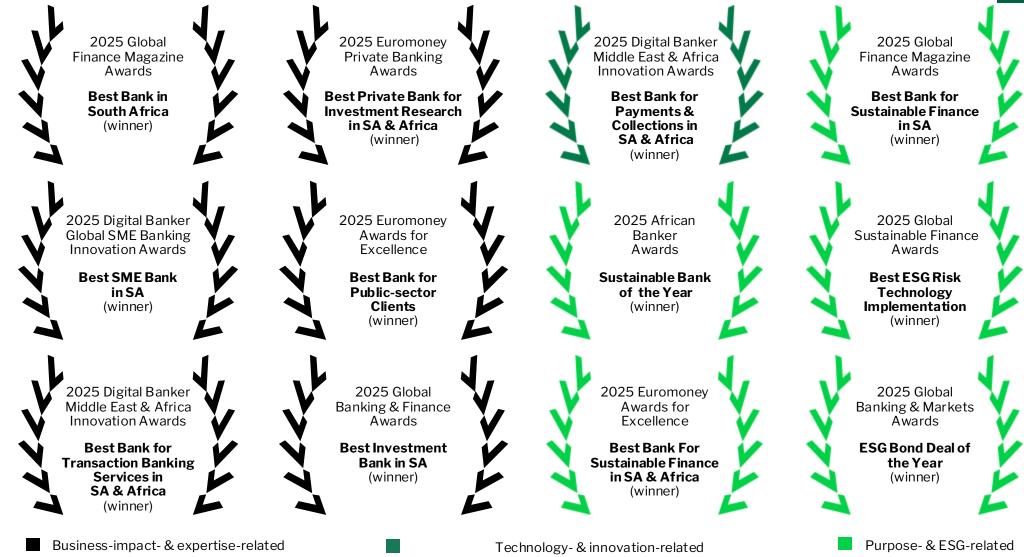
Independent ESG ratings of Nedbank

MSCI AAA	Top 9% of global banks
sustainalytics 12.2	Top 7% of diversified banks
S&P Global 63	Top 10% of global banks
ISS ESG ▷ C	Top 10% of all global banks
FTSE Russell 4.3 FTSE4Good	Top 19% of global banks

¹Tax payments relate to direct, indirect & employee taxes, as well as other taxation.

External recognition received in H1 2025 – across business excellence, technology & innovation and purpose & ESG







Financial performance slightly ahead of guidance & expectations



▲6%

R8.4bn

Headline earnings

15.2%

(H1 24: 15.0%)

ROE

▲57.4%

(H1 24: 55.3%)

Cost-to-income ratio

▲6%

R969bn

Gross banking advances

13.1%

(H1 24: 13.3%)

CET1 ratio

127%

(Q2 24: 127%)

LCR

▲7%

1762 cents

DHEPS

▼8%

1571 cents

Basic EPS

▼81 bps

(H1 24: 104 bps)

CLR

▲10%

R1 232bn

Deposits

▲6%

1028 cents

Interim dividend per share

118%

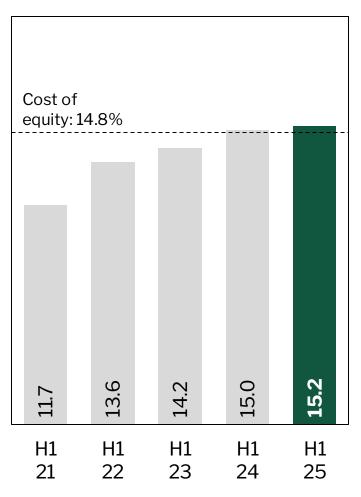
(Q2 24: 114%)

NSFR

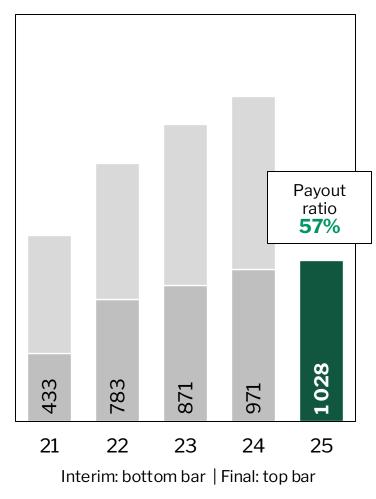
Shareholder value creation – ROE ahead of COE, interim dividend declared at the top end of our payout ratio & solid growth in NAV/share



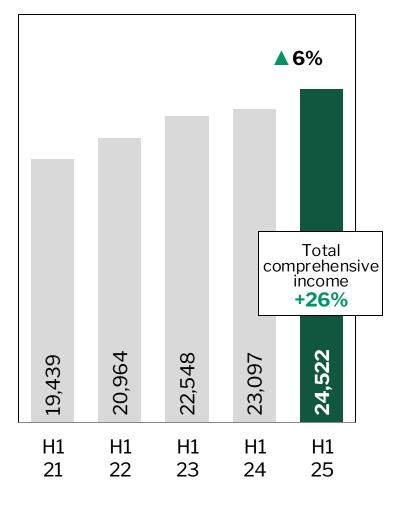
ROE & cost of equity (%)



Dividend per share (cents)



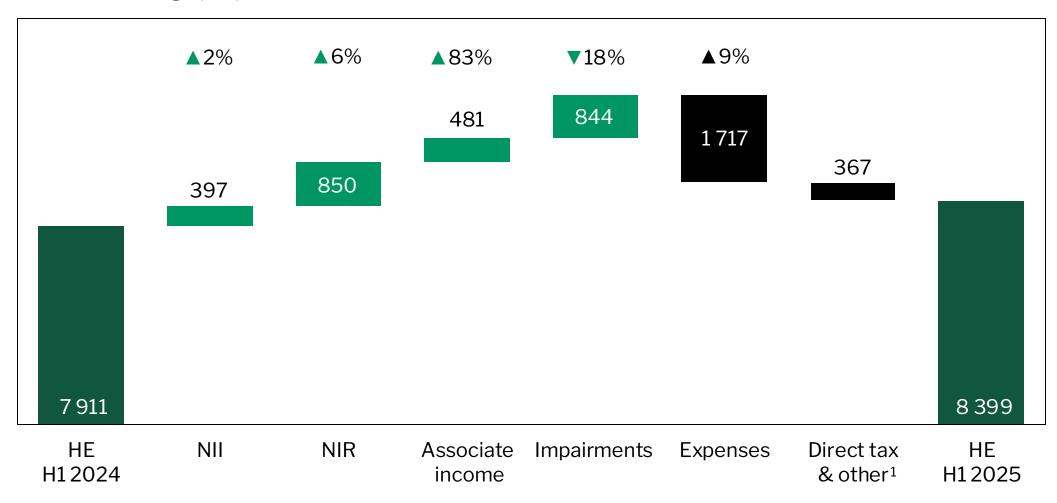
NAV per share (cents)



Headline earnings up by 6% – driven by NIR & associate income growth, as well as lower impairments



Headline earnings (Rm)

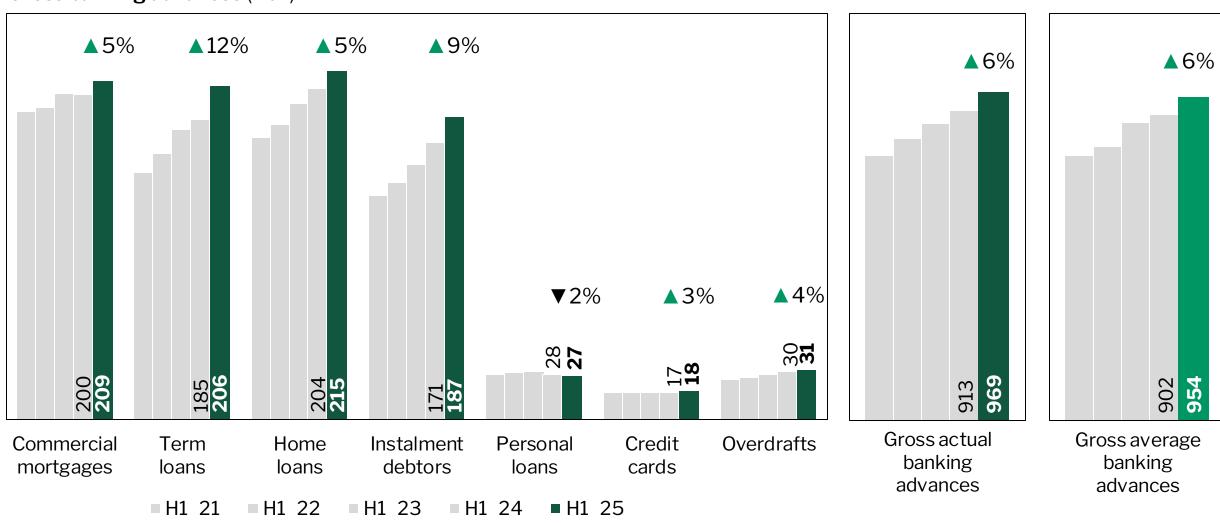


¹Other includes indirect tax and minority & preference shareholders.

Banking advances – growth of +6%, supported by strong growth in wholesale term loans & a solid performance across secured lending categories



Gross banking advances (Rbn)

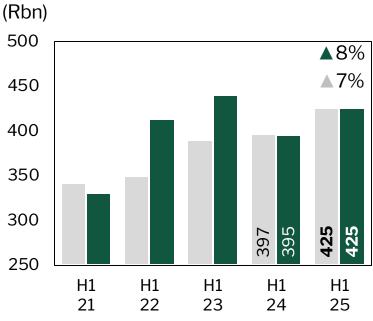


Banking advances – improvement in CIB credit extension, NCB flat excl client migrations, while Retail growth was reasonable

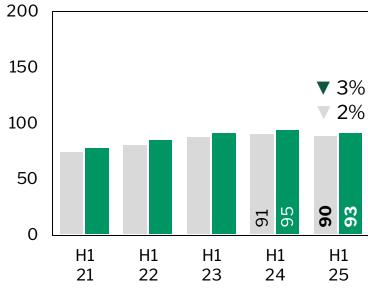


Additional info

CIB gross banking advances



Commercial Banking gross banking advances (Rbn)

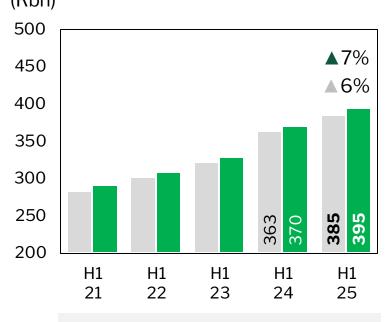


New loan disbursements +1%

Subdued client borrowing – across all sectors

Client migrations – Actual advances flat, excluding the impact of client migrations to RRB

Retail gross banking advances (Rbn)



HL – Actual advances & application volume growth of +6%

MFC – Leveraging our strong position. Actual advances +9% & applications +7%

Unsecured – Cautious approach as the PL book declined by 10%, but applications up +4%

IB – Actual advances +11%. Robust pipelines in place, particularly in energy

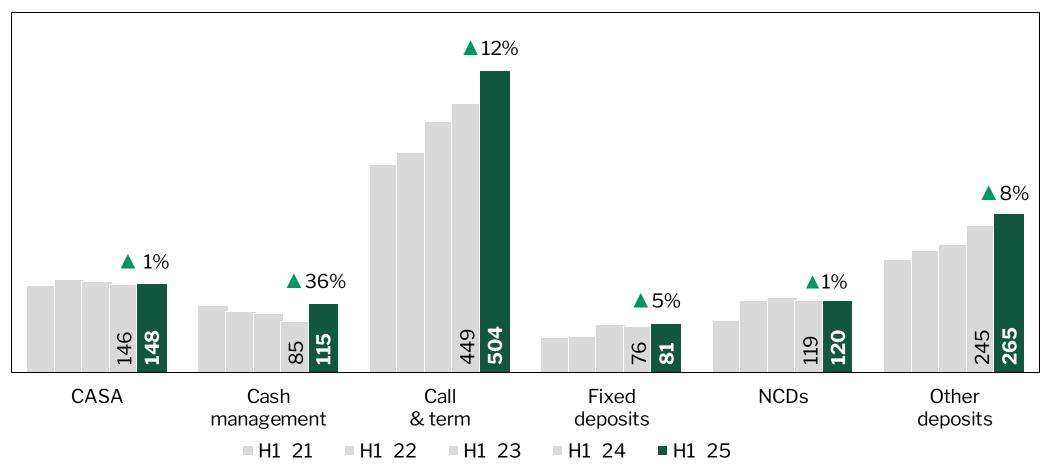
PF – Actual advances +8%. Improved activity post interest rate cuts

Client lending +10%

Deposits up by 10% – growth driven by transactional cash management balances & term deposits as clients extend tenure, leveraging Nedbank's competitive term offerings



Deposits (Rbn)

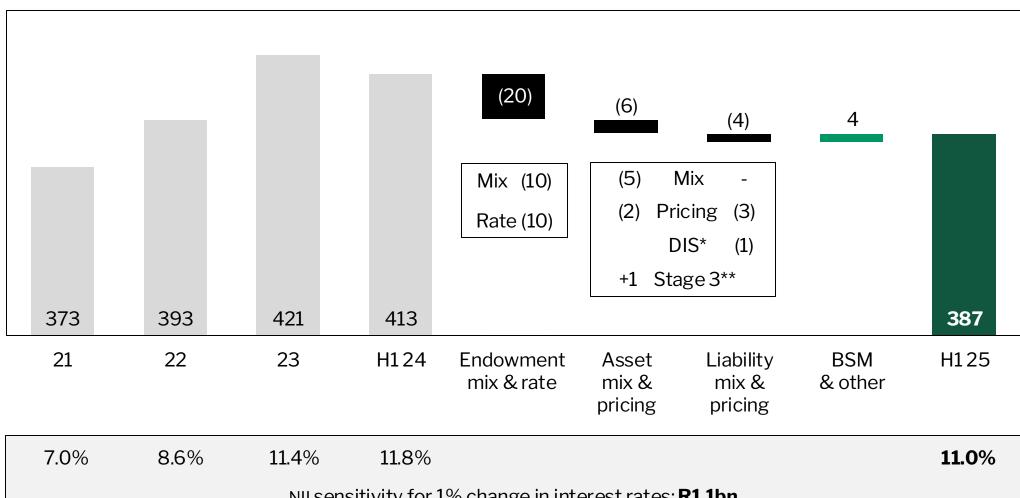


Growth in Cash management driven by CIB transactional services. Call & term deposits driven by growth in Retail & Commercial Banking deposits due to targeted campaigns, as well as CIB transactional services.

NII up by 2% - AIEBA growth of 9%, offset by NIM compression, mostly from endowment



Net interest margin (bps)



Average SA prime rate:

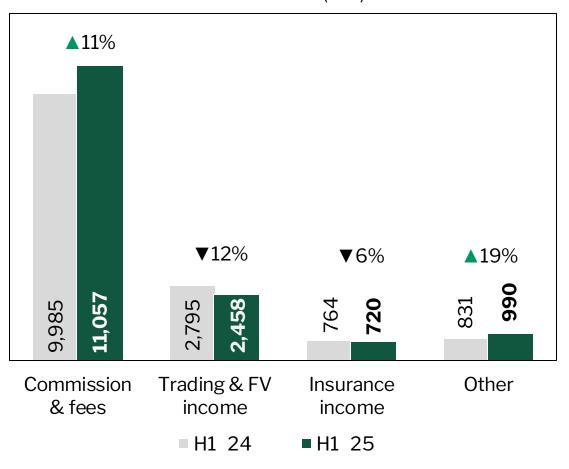
7.0%	8.6%	11.4%	11.8%	11.0%		
NII sensitivity for 1% change in interest rates: R1.1bn						

^{*} The impact of the Deposit Insurance Scheme (DIS) premium & levy is included in liability mix & pricing. ** Stage 3 interest reversal.

NIR up by 6% – growth supported by commission & fees and equity investment income



Non-interest revenue & income¹ (Rm)



Key drivers

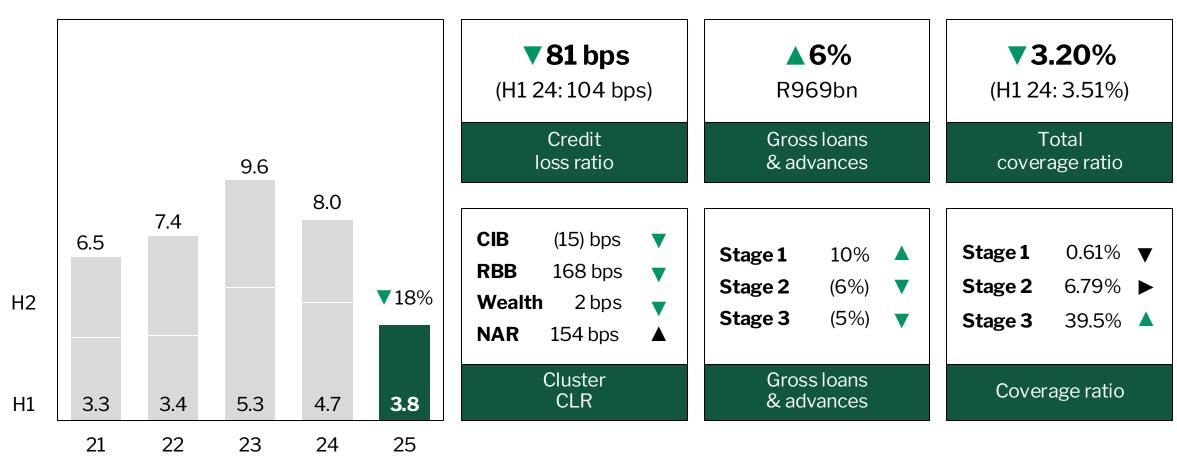
- Commission & fees benefit from Eqstra acquisition (NCB) & strong growth in maintenance fees & VAS. Consumer transactional NIR +10%. Growth partially offset by CIB deal flow delayed into H2 2025 & lower retail cash volumes
- Trading income & fair value
 - Trading income in CIB increased by +5%, but Markets NIR declined by 2%, inclusive of lower FV income. The decline in FV income reflects the non-repeated 2024 valuations across CIB
 - FV in the Centre was down by R193m yoy
- Insurance reduced Personal Loans policy base & sizable positive actuarial basis changes in the prior year, partially offset by an improved non-life claims experience & strong growth in the MyCover suite
- Other Equity investment income +27%

¹ Excluding Eqstra, NIR growth was +1% & commission & fee growth was +3%.

Impairment charge down by 18% to R3.8bn – driven by improved macroeconomic conditions, decisive management actions & further declines in stage 2 & 3 loans



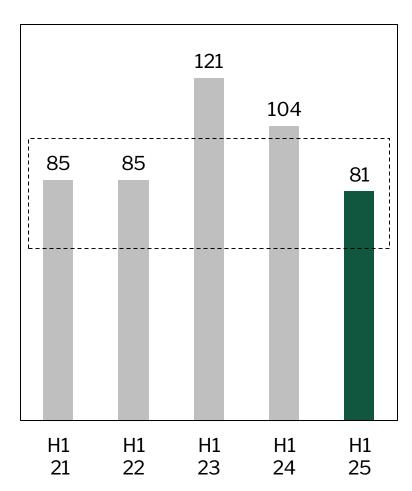
Impairment charge (Rbn)



Group CLR down to 81 bps – back within target range



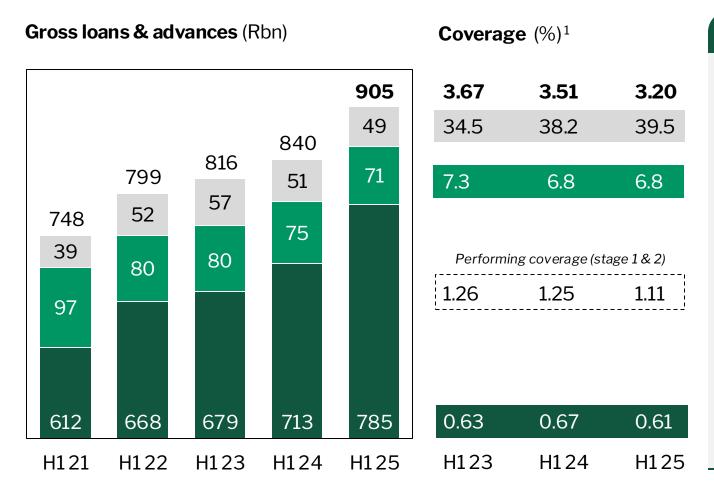
Credit loss ratios (bps)



	H125	H124	H123	H122	H121	TTC
CIB	(15)	19	16	20	38	15-45
CIB excl CPF	(26)	19	9	26	31	
CPF	(2)	20	26	13	46	
RBB	168	183	226	152	122	120-175
NCB	7	26	75	12	9	50-70
Retail	205	222	266	188	151	130-200
HL	38	73	98	19	4	
VAF	229	238	203	167	114	
PL	1062	808	1106	909	835	
Card	523	516	794	629	568	
Wealth	2	17	3	(37)	(13)	20-40
NAR	154	91	113	110	84	85–120
Group	81	104	121	85	85	60–100

Gross loans & advances and coverage – strong growth in stage 1 loans & reduction in stage 2 and 3 loans





Key drivers

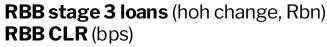
- Stage 1 loans
 - Front-book growth & loan migrations from stage 2 & 3
- Stage 2 loans
 - Benefit of stage migrations
- Stage 3 loans
 - CIB stage 3 loans down by R2bn
 - RBB stage 3 loans remained flat
 - Stage 3 coverage impacted by mix change, reflecting our highly collateralised book
- Total overlays increased to R879m (Dec 2024: R806m), including overlays for the potential impact of 30% US tariffs on SA

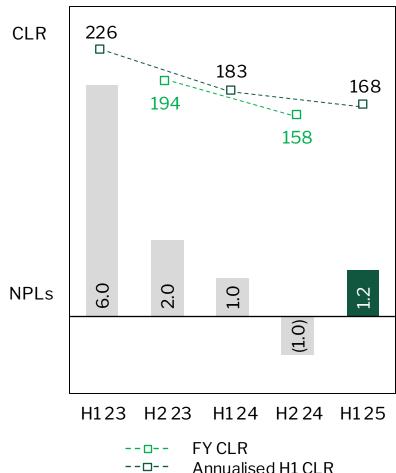
[■] Stage 1 ■ Stage 2 ■ Stage 3

¹Total balance sheet ECL includes FVOCI & off-balance-sheet ECL, while ECL coverage excludes FVOCI & off-balance-sheet ECL.

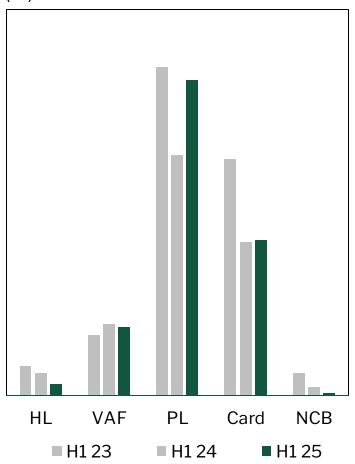
RBB impairments – an improving macroeconomic environment & decisive management actions over the past 2 years delivering benefits







Business & product level CLRs (%)



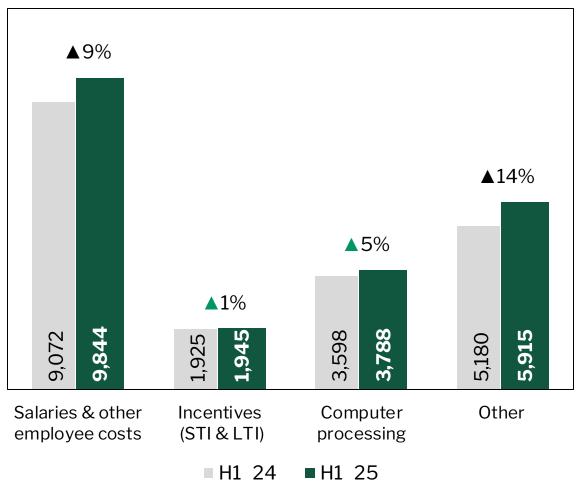
Key drivers

- Home loans stage 3 inflows continue to reduce; total stage 3 remains elevated due to long workout periods
- Vehicle finance reduced strain from taxi exposures (small book), however slightly elevated charge vs long-term average
- Personal loans lower cure & recovery rates on stage 3 loans; enhanced collection efforts in 2025
- Card issuing cautious growth & reduced stage 3 inflows
- Commercial banking client cures & lower stage 3 inflows

Expenses up by 9% – good underlying expense management



Expenses (Rm)



Key drivers

Employee-related costs

- Salaries & wages: annual average salary increase (+6%); additional costs to retain talent & scarce skills
- Variable-pay incentives aligned with profitability metrics & vesting probabilities
- Computer processing well managed, driven by ongoing IT investment & digital volumes & lower amortisation of intangible assets

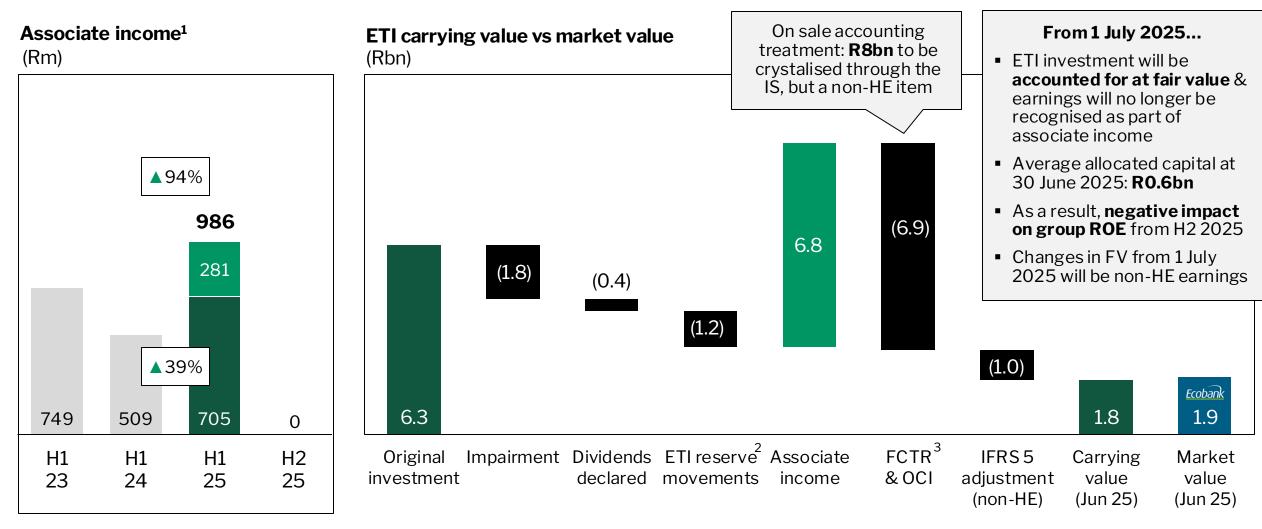
Other

- Communication & travel +43% (mostly Eqstra)
- Fees & insurances +12%
- Marketing +1%
- Accommodation –3%

Excluding Eqstra, expense growth was +6%.

ETI associate investment – from associate income to fair value through profit & loss until a sale is concluded





¹Associate income for H1 2025 includes a R281m IFRS 5 adjustment for quarter-in arrear catch-up. | ² ETI IFRS 9 reserves movements on transition & non-headline earning gains/losses. | ³ Unrealised FCTR losses of R8.3bn & share of OCI gains (R1.4bn).

Capital – CET1 ratio at 13.1%, well above target range, positioning us well to unlock growth opportunities while being good stewards of capital



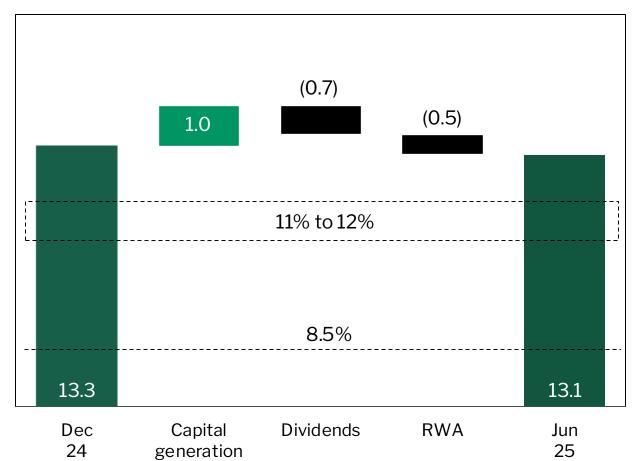


Board CET1

target

SARB PA minimum

CET 1



Active capital management

- Maintain CET1 ratio above our 11–12%
 target range considered appropriate in a difficult & volatile environment
- Retain capital for growth infrastructure opportunities & targeted lending
- Complementary bolt-on M&A, should they arise (eg, Eqstra)
- Pay dividends at top end of payout ratio (57%), subject to board approval
- Approved further buyback of shares* at appropriate share price levels
- Basel 3 PCN countercyclical buffer of 1% effective from 2026

*Shareholder, board & regulatory approvals in place.

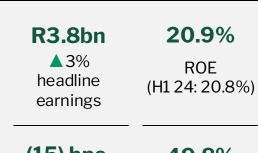
Regulatory changes – Deposit insurance, Basel 3 reforms, countercyclical capital buffer & financial loss absorbing capital



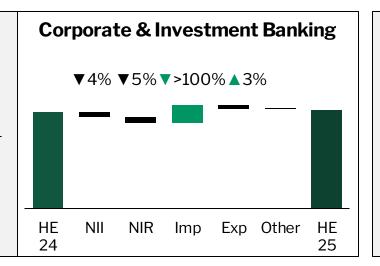
	Effective date	Nedbank impact	
Deposit insurance (DIS)	Implemented on 1 April 2024	The annual cost of CODI for Nedbank is around R240m for covered deposit balances of over R100bn.	
Basel 3 reforms	Promulgated on 26 June 2025, establishing the legal structure for a 1 July 2025 go-live	 Key underlying reforms: Amending the regulations related to banks Credit risk (revisions to the standardised & internal ratings-based approaches) Operational risk (new standardised approach) Leverage ratio exposure measure (refinements to the definition) Revised output floors (limiting the regulatory capital benefits that a bank, using internal models, can derive relative to the standardised approaches) Although the phase-in of output floors is expected to reduce Nedbank's CET1 ratio through to 2028, assuming all other factors remain constant, our business plans indicate that the forecast CET1 ratio will remain comfortably above the PA minimum requirements & aligned with board targets. 	
Countercyclical capital buffer (CcyB)	Comes into effect on 1 January 2026	Implementation of a positive cycle-neutral (PCN) CcyB is set at 1% of risk-weighted exposures, resulting in an increase in regulatory minimum capital requirements & consequently a reduction in the group's surplus capital position.	
Financial loss absorbing capital (Flac)	 on 1 January 2026 enable the Resolution Authority to execute statutory bail-in during a resolution recapitalise a failing institution. The base Minimum Flac Requirement (bMFR) will be phased in over 6 years, w December 2031. 		
		Flac instruments will replace maturing senior unsecured debt instruments over the phase-in period.	

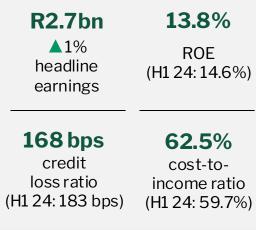
Cluster financial performance

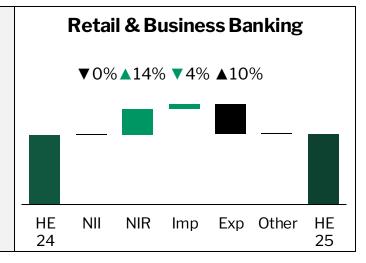


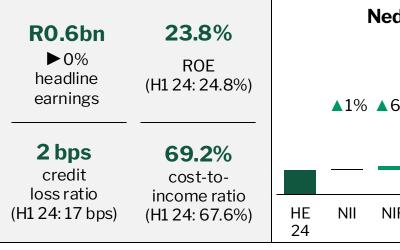


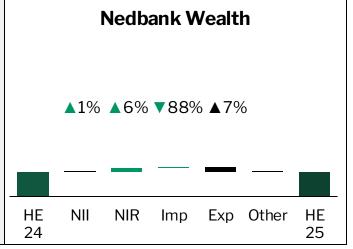
(15) bps credit cost-to-income ratio (H1 24: 19 bps) (H1 24: 46.1%)

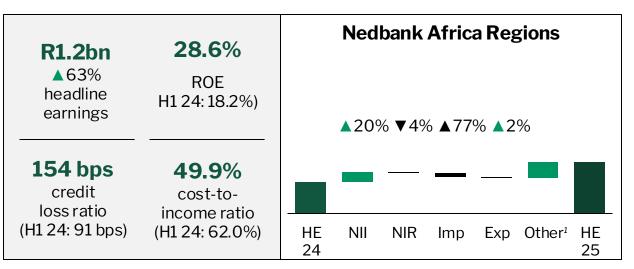








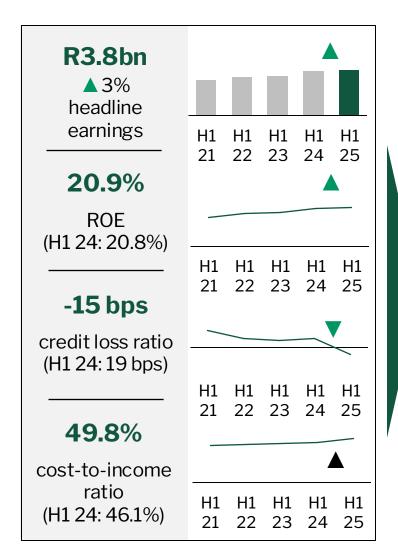




¹ Including associate income from ETI.

CIB financial performance – ROE improved to 20.9%, supported by lower impairments & disciplined capital management, despite margin & revenue pressure





NII down by 4%

- Strong balance sheet growth with client lending +10% & deposits +15%
- Margin compression (-29 bps) from lower interest rates, competitive pricing & shift to lower-risk sectors

NIR down by 5%

- Commission & fee income down by 7% after strong growth in prior period (+13%)
- Markets NIR down by 2%; trading income up by 5%
- Equity investment income up by 18%; including associates up by 22%

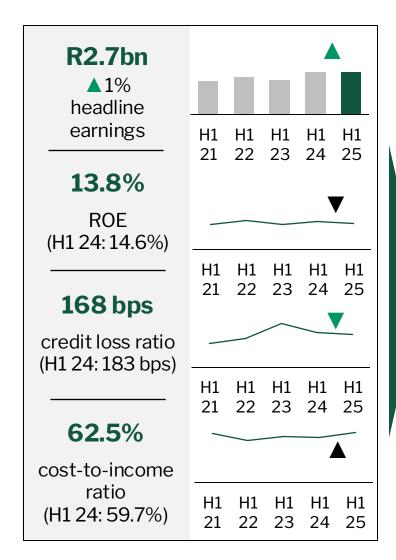
CLR improved to -15 bps

- Below TTC range of 15–45 bps, reflecting resolution of exposures
- Commercial property CLR improved to -2 bps
- Expense well managed at +3%

RBB financial performance – HE increased on the back of strong transactional NIR growth from main-banked clients & improved impairments, offset by lower endowment



Additional info



NII remained flat

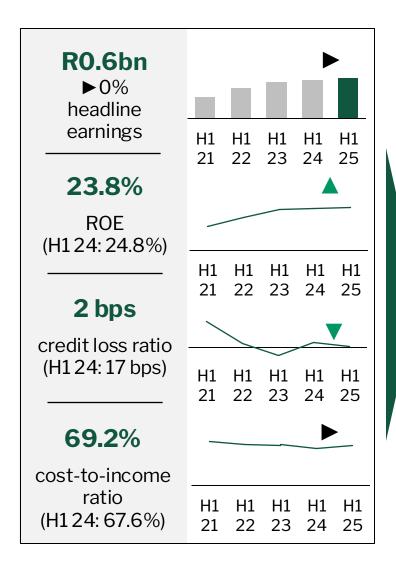
- Average advances growth of +5%, underpinned by doubledigit growth in payouts
- NIM impacted by lower endowment income & lower liability margins, offset by the positive impact of suspended interest
- NIR up by 14% (excluding Eqstra +4%)
 - Consumer Transactional NIR up by 10% on the back of 6% growth in main-banked clients; higher VAS value (+45%) & higher maintenance fees (+9%), offset by lower cash volumes & higher card processing costs

Impairments decreased by 4%

- CLR improved to 168 bps due to improved origination & collection strategies, amid an improving macroeconomic environment. CLR is back within the TTC upper limit of 175 bps
- Expense growth of 10% (excluding Eqstra +5%)
 - Ongoing cost optimisation & digitisation benefits

Wealth financial performance – HE held steady, with higher NIR offset by impact of reduced interest rates





NII up by 1%

- Strong growth in local deposit balances, offset by lower interest rate margins & NII from the international business
- NIM expansion driven by higher loans & advances across wealth management businesses

NIR up by 6%

- Improved non-life claims experience & growth in premiums & policies in the MyCover suite
- Good growth in AUM balances & higher equity brokerage, advice & estate fees
- Offset by sizeable positive actuarial basis changes in the prior year

Impairments down by 88%

 Credit model enhancements & higher stage 1 asset quality in NPW (SA)

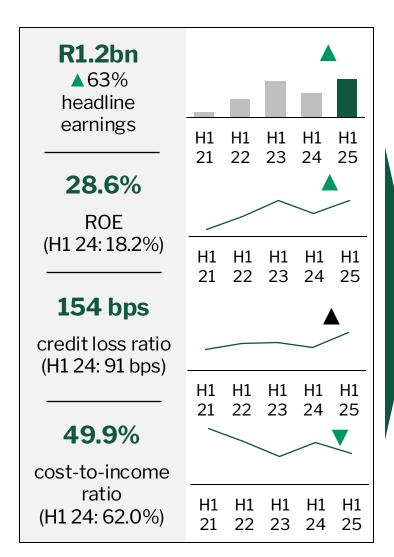
Expense growth of 7%

 Investment in people, product & service enhancements, as well as data & digital initiatives

NAR financial performance – HE driven largely by income from the reclassification of ETI; ROE maintained above COE



Additional info

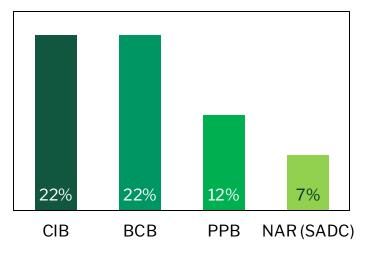


- **SADC operations** HE of R257m, down by 5%, & ROE of 6.7%
 - NII up by 15%, driven by improved margins & 11% growth in average loans & advances
 - NIR down by 4%, primarily due to regulatory directives on fees (up by 10%, excluding Zimbabwe)
 - Impairments up by 77% & CLR above the TTC target range at 154 bps, driven by a sovereign debt downgrade in Mozambique, write-offs on the Namibia retail HL portfolio, as well as adequacy updates in Eswatini
- ETI associate investment HE of R926m, up by 104%
 - Associate income up by 94% to R986m, including a R281m IFRS 5 adjustment, up by 39% when excluding ETI's Q2 2025 attributable earnings

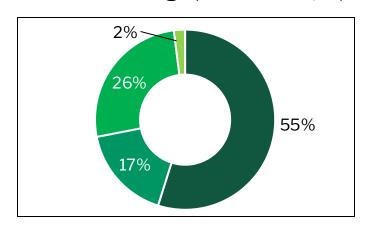
Pro-forma cluster view - post the organisational restructure & excluding ETI



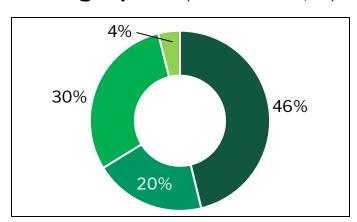
Return on equity (%)



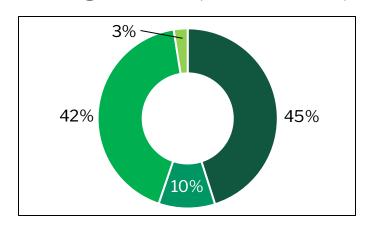
Headline earnings (contribution, %)



Banking deposits (contribution, %)



Banking advances (contribution, %)



Cluster composition

- CIB existing businesses & Asset
 Management (Nedgroup Investments)
 from Nedbank Wealth
- BCB Nedbank Commercial Banking (including Eqstra), ~20% of RBB's Retail Relationship Banking (SME clients), plus Commercial Card Issuing & Acquiring
- PPB RBB Consumer Banking, ~80% of RBB's Retail Relationship Banking (individuals) + the Insurance & Wealth Management businesses from Nedbank Wealth & Consumer Card issuing
- NAR SADC operations, ETI excluded

Assumptions around internal transfer pricing & business unit splits were made, which will be refined in H2

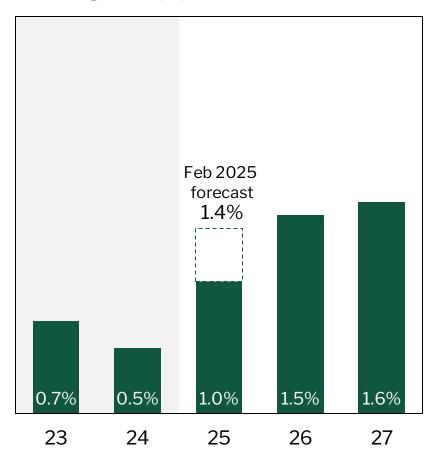
Note: Contributions exclude the Centre. Graphs proforma at H1 2025.



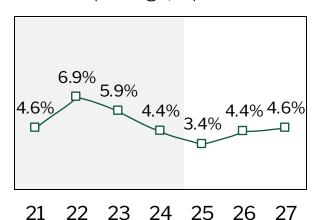
Operating environment – key macroeconomic forecasts



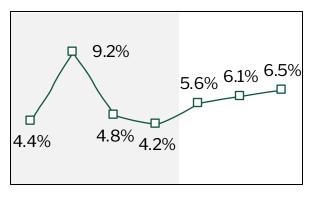
SA GDP growth (%)



Inflation (average, %)

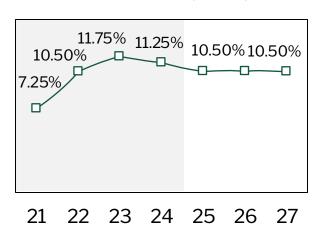


Total overall credit growth (YE, %)

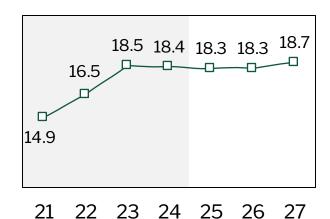


21 22 23 24 25 26 27

Prime interest rate (YE, %)



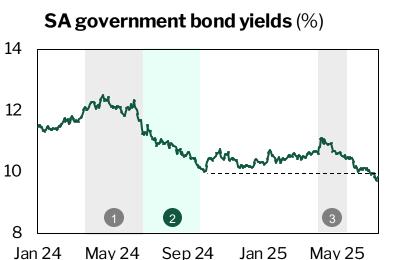
Rand/US\$ (average)

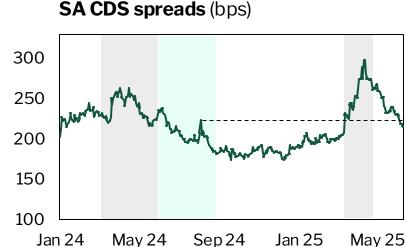


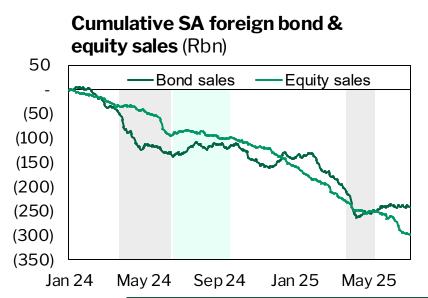
Source: Nedbank Group Economic Unit.

Operating environment – financial markets still reflect cautious optimism

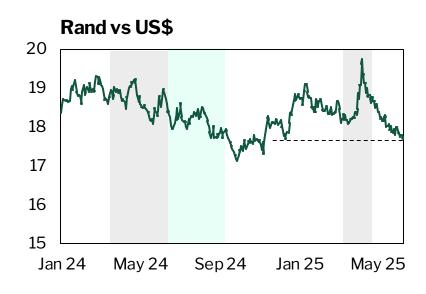












- Pre-SA election concerns
- Peaceful elections & formation of GNU
- 3 US tariff concerns & SA budget delays

Short-term guidance (2025) – operating environment negatively impacting revenue growth & change in our strategy regarding ETI



	H1 2025 performance	2025 guidance¹ (March 2025)	Updated 2025 guidance¹ (August 2025)
NII growth	+2%	Around mid-single digits	Low-to-mid single digits
CLR	81 bps	Around the midpoint of the group's TTC target range (60 bps to 100 bps)	Slightly below the midpoint of the group's TTC target range (60 bps to 100 bps)
NIR growth	+6%	Upper single digits	Mid-single digits
Expense growth	+9%	Mid-to-upper single digits	Above mid-single digits
ETI associate income	R986m	Positive growth	No ETI-related associate income in H2 2025 & beyond
CET1 ratio	13.1%	Above TTC target range (11% to 12%)	Above TTC target range (11% to 12%)
Dividend per share	57% payout	Top end of payout ratio	Top end of payout ratio

¹This guidance is not a profit forecast, has not been reviewed or reported on by the group's joint auditors & is based on the group's economic forecasts at the time.

Financial targets – revised 2025 guidance given impacts of a more-difficult-than-expected operating environment & change in our strategy regarding ETI



	DHEPS growth ¹	ROE ¹	Cost-to- income ratio ¹		
2025 ¹	> Mid-single digits (for FY 2025)	>16%	Increase yoy		
Updated	Low-single digits (for FY 2025)	15 %	Increase yoy		
Medium term ¹	> CPI + GDP + 3% (CAGR)	17%	54%		
	 A sale of ETI will reduce the group's ROE by ~1% on an annualised basis. Focus on unlocking opportunities that will progress us to an ROE of 17% in the MT, including: the organisational restructure various growth vectors such as insurance growth & cross-sell & portfolio diversification M&A and capital optimisation 				
Long term ¹ (5+ years)	> CPI + GDP + 3% (CAGR through the cycle)	>18%	< 50%		

¹This guidance is not a profit forecast, has not been reviewed or reported on by the group's joint auditors & is based on the group's economic forecasts at the time.

Conclusion – focused execution in the short term, while pivoting for the future



Focused execution

Deliver on our perform agenda

- Manage through a volatile, uncertain
 & difficult operating environment
- Execute robust lending pipelines & green shoots in key market share categories, payments, insurance etc.
- Focus on financial & strategic outcomes that create value

Maintain strong balance sheet

- Maintain strong risk management practices and sound capital & coverage levels
- Remain good stewards of capital & active capital management

Pivot for the future

Strategic reorganisation

- Finalise cluster KPIs & targets
- Extract value through faster revenue growth
 & productivity enhancements

Transform agenda

- Execute our growth initiatives (portfolio diversification, grow & enhance insurance cross-sell, leverage our IT investments etc)
- Seek selective bolt-on M&A opportunities to drive scale & diversification, incl SA retail, SADC & East Africa

ETI investment

Finalise & execute the sale of our ETI investment & redeploy capital into the transform agenda

Deliver on our medium & long term targets



Disclaimer



Nedbank Group has acted in good faith and has made every reasonable effort to ensure the accuracy and completeness of the information contained in this document, including all information that may be defined as 'forward-looking statements' within the meaning of United States securities legislation.

Forward-looking statements may be identified by words such as 'believe', 'anticipate', 'expect', 'plan', 'estimate', 'intend', 'project', 'target', 'predict' and 'hope'.

Forward-looking statements are not statements of fact, but statements by the management of Nedbank Group based on its current estimates, projections, expectations, beliefs and assumptions regarding the group's future performance.

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